IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA FLORENCE DIVISION

United States of America,	Crim. No. 4:03-cr-00287-TLW-1
v.	Order
Devern Clemon	

This matter is before the Court on Defendant's motion for a sentence reduction pursuant to the First Step Act of 2018 (FSA), passed by Congress and signed into law by the President on December 21, 2018. Pub. L. No. 115-391, 132 Stat. 5194. This law contains sentencing provisions that apply retroactively to certain defendants previously sentenced.

Defendant pled guilty to a charge of Conspiracy to Possess With Intent to Distribute 50 Grams or More of Cocaine Base, in violation of 21 U.S.C. §§ 841(a)(1), 841(b)(1)(A), and 851. After the Government withdrew at sentencing one of the two § 851 Informations that it previously filed, his statutory sentencing range was 20 years to Life, followed by at least 10 years of supervised release. PSR ¶¶ 84, 88. His Guidelines range at sentencing—after taking into account his classification as a career offender—was 262–327 months (34/VI), followed by 10 years of supervised release. PSR ¶¶ 85, 91. After granting the Government's motion for a downward departure pursuant to § 5K1.1 and departing two levels, his reduced Guidelines

¹ Defendant initially filed a *pro se* letter inquiring about his eligibility for a FSA reduction, ECF No. 142, and an assistant federal public defender later filed a motion for FSA relief on his behalf, ECF No. 149.

range became 210–262 months (32/VI). The Court imposed a 240-month term of imprisonment, followed by a 10-year term of supervised release. ECF No. 57.

Pursuant to the FSA and as referenced in the Sentence Reduction Report (SRR) prepared by the U.S. Probation Office, ECF No. 143, the parties agree that the mandatory minimum applicable to Defendant has been reduced from 20 years to 10 years (a life sentence remains the maximum), and his supervised release term has been reduced from at least 10 years to at least 8 years. See 21 U.S.C. § 841(b)(1)(B) (setting forth the current penalties for a defendant who is convicted of possessing with intent to distribute at least 28 grams but less than 280 grams of crack). But while his statutory penalties have changed, he remains a career offender pursuant to Beckles v. United States, 137 S. Ct. 886, 895 (2017), and his post-departure Guidelines range remains 210–262 months.

In Defendant's motion, he asks the Court to reduce his sentence to time served, followed by 8 years of supervised release. ECF No. 149. The Government signed the second page of the motion indicating its consent. *Id.* at 2. The Government also filed its own response to Defendant's *pro se* inquiry letter in which the Government outlined its position based on his letter. ECF Nos. 142, 146. However, neither party specifically addressed the justification for a reduced sentence.

Judge Currie has recently considered the questions of whether a First Step Act defendant is entitled to a full resentencing and whether he is eligible for a reduced sentence of incarceration when his Guidelines range has not changed. She concluded that a First Step Act defendant is not entitled to a full resentencing, but that he can

be considered for a reduced sentence of imprisonment even if his Guidelines range

remains the same. United States v. Shelton, No. 3:07-329 (CMC), 2019 WL 1598921,

at *2-3 (D.S.C. Apr. 15, 2019). The Court notes Judge Currie's thorough, well-

reasoned opinion and will follow the procedure she concluded is appropriate in light

of her analysis of the applicable law in this case. Thus, the Court concludes that

Defendant is not entitled to a full resentencing, but he can be considered for a reduced

term of imprisonment even though his Guidelines range has not changed.

In light of the First Step Act and as set forth in the SRR, the Court concludes

that Defendant is now subject to a statutory sentencing range of 10 years to Life,

followed by at least 8 years of supervised release. His post-departure Guidelines

range is 210–262 months imprisonment, followed by 8 years of supervised release.

Prior to determining whether to reduce his sentence of incarceration, the Court will

consider the current statutory range, the Guidelines range, the § 3553(a) factors, and

evidence of post-sentencing mitigation. If either party intends to file any submissions

relevant to those issues, they shall do so no later than 21 days from the date of this

order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/ Terry L. Wooten

Terry L. Wooten

Senior United States District Judge

June 25, 2019

Columbia, South Carolina

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